

EARLY DETECTION OF DAMAGE IN HEAVY DUTY COMBUSTION TURBINE BLADES FOR ELECTRIC GENERATION

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- THE HEAVY DUTY GAS TURBINES ARE THE FUNDAMENTAL COMPONENTS FOR THE MODERN COMBINED CYCLE POWER PLANTS
- ENEL PRODUZIONE ALREADY OPERATES COMBINED CYCLE TECHNOLOGY IN ITS POWER PLANTS (TRINO AND LA SPEZIA) IN ADDITION TO OTHER KINDS OF STEAM-GAS CYCLE (FEEDWATER HEATING AND IP STEAM INJECTION) IN MONTALTO, ROSSANO, AND TERMINI POWER PLANTS



IN THESE POWER PLANTS THE HEAVY DUTY GAS TURBINES HAVE BEEN OPERATED UP TODAY MAINLY AT BASE LOAD TRYING TO KEEP MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES AS SHORT AS POSSIBLE IN ORDER TO OBTAIN HIGH AVAILABILITY OF THE PLANT



- IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO FORESEE THE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES FOR THE WHOLE PLANT LIFE, INCLUDING REFURBISHMENTS AND REPLACEMENTS OF GAS TURBINE HOT COMPONENTS, IN ORDER TO RESPECT LIFE CYCLE COST OF THE PLANT
- ACCORDING TO THE SUGGESTIONS OF THE OEM'S, ALL THE UTILITIES SCHEDULE THE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES FOR GAS TURBINES ON A "TIME BASED PRACTICE"



- THE MOST FOLLOWED MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FORESEES COMBUSTION INSPECTIONS EVERY 8000 EOH, HOT GAS PATH INSPECTIONS EVERY 24000 EOH AND MAJOR OVERHAULS EVERY 48000
- THE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY SCHEDULE CAN BE MODIFIED BASED ON BORESCOPIC INSPECTIONS AND TURBINE OPERATING PARAMETERS ("CONDITION BASED MAINTENANCE")

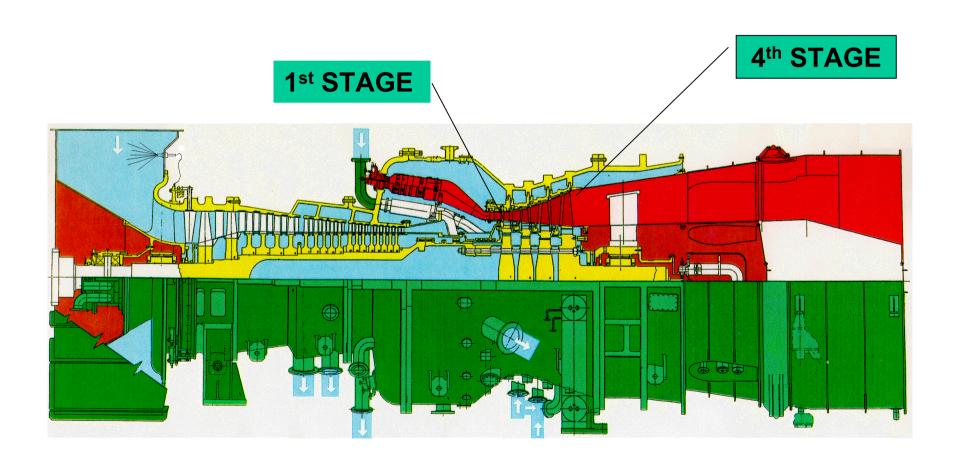


PURPOSE OF THE PRESENTATION

TO DESCRIBE 2 FAILURES OCCURRED ON BLADES
OF ENEL HEAVY DUTY GAS TURBINES AND THE
DETECTING TECHNOLOGIES TUNED UP IN ORDER TO
HAVE A REALISTIC ASSESSMENT OF BLADES
CONDITION TO SET UP THE BEST MAINTENANCE
INTERVENTION



SKETCH OF FAILED GAS TURBINES





MAIN TECHNICAL DATA OF THE GAS TURBINE INVOLVED IN THE FAILURES

- POWER OUTPUT (ISO): 125 MW
- COMPRESSOR STAGE NO.: 19
- COMPRESSION RATIO: 14:1
- TURBINE INLET TEMPERATURE (TIT): 1162°C
- EXHAUST GAS TEMPERATURE: 495°C
- EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE: 453 KG/SEC
- TYPE OF COMBUSTION SYSTEM: DLN K-POINT



ENEL FLEET OF GTs SIMILAR TO FAILED ONES

UNIT	OUTPUT (MW)	1ST SYNCR.	OPERATING HOURS	STARTS	COMBUSTION SYSTEM	LOAD REJECTIONS
	(11117)	0 1 1 to 1 ti	1100110		01012	112020110110
TO12	125	07/12/95	16659	139	DLN	2
TO13	125	10/10/96	17584	137	DLN	2
TO22	125	29/08/97	8250	94	DLN	2
TO23	125	09/10/97	10360	85	DLN	2
MC12	125	14/07/92	8665	514	DLN	10
MC13	130	08/09/92	8170	464	WI	10
MC22	130	09/04/92	9044	461	WI	10
MC23	130	16/04/92	9452	508	WI	10
LR1	130	16/12/92	2669	382	DRY	0
LR2	130	01/12/92	2837	443	DRY	0
TI42	125	29/02/96	6731	108	DLN	3
TI52	125	02/12/95	6579	134	DLN	3



MAIN FAILURES EXPERIENCED

- 4TH ROTATING STAGE BLADE FAILURE
- 1ST ROTATING STAGE BLADE CRACKS IN THE PLATFORM



4TH STAGE BLADE FAILURE DESCRIPTION

- THE FAILURE HAPPENED ON THE UNIT TRINO 12
- AFTER A LOAD REJECTION TEST THE GAS TURBINE TRIPPED DUE TO LOW SPEED/HIGH VIBRATIONS
- THE GAS TURBINE EXPERIENCED, AT THE MOMENT OF THE FAILURE, 16659 OPERATING HOURS AND 139 STARTS
- DURING THE FOLLOWING INSPECTION THROUGH THE MANHOLE ON THE TURBINE DISCHARGE DUCT THE LOSS OF 1-4TH STAGE BLADE WAS FOUND
- DAMAGES ON OTHER 4TH STAGE BLADES, 4TH STAGE VANES
 AND DISCHARGE DIFFUSER WERE FOUND TOO



MAIN OPERATING DATA OF THE GAS TURBINE INVOLVED IN THE FAILURE

- 1ST SYNCHRONIZATION YEAR: 1995
- OPERATING HOURS FROM 1ST SYNCR.: 16.659
- STARTS FROM 1ST SYNCR.: 139
- YEAR OF LAST HGPI: 1998
- OPERATING HOURS FROM LAST HGPI: 4513
- STARTS FROM LAST HGPI: 26



BLOCK OF 4TH STAGE FAILED BLADE





RESIDUAL BLOCK OF FAILED BLADE





4TH STAGE BLADES AFTER THE FAILURE





TYPICAL CRACKS DETECTED ON SHANK AREA OF 4TH STAGE BUCKETS





INVESTIGATIONS AGREED WITH THE MANUFACTURER

- INVESTIGATIONS ON OTHER SIMILAR GAS TURBINES OF ENEL FLEET
- CHEMICAL AND METALLOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS OF FAILED BLADE
- VERIFICATION OF DESIGN CALCULATIONS OF 4TH STAGE BLADE
- PRESSURE PULSATION TESTS ON DLN COMBUSTION SYSTEMS



INVESTIGATIONS ON THE ENEL GTS SIMILAR TO FAILED ONE

- ENEL DEVELOPPED UT TESTS IN ORDER TO INSPECT THE 4TH STAGE BLADE ROOTS OF SIMILAR UNITS INSTALLED IN ENEL FLEET WITHOUT TURBINE CASING REMOVAL
- IN ADDITION TO FAILED ONE, ANOTHER SIMILAR GAS TURBINE, EQUIPPED WITH DLN COMBUSTORS TOO, WAS FOUND AFFECTED BY 4TH STAGE BLADE CRACKS ON 2 BLADES.
- ALL THE OTHER 5 SIMILAR DLN AND 3 W/I GTs OF ENEL FLEET DID NOT SHOW THE PRESENCE OF 4TH STAGE BLADE CRACKS

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RESULTS OF PRELIMINARY INVESTINGATIONS

- 4TH STAGE BLADE BASE MATERIAL WAS COMPLYING WITH MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATION AND NO ORIGIN DEFECTS WERE FOUND
- THE 4TH STAGE BLADE WAS "AS DESIGNED"
- THE CAUSE OF THE FAILURE SHOULD HAVE BEEN CYCLICAL STRESSES OF RELEVANT INTENSITY AND OF BENDING TYPE, WHICH LET THE 4^{TH} STAGE BLADE VIBRATE AT THE NATURAL FREQUENCY OF 172 Hz
- ONLY DLN GTs WERE FOUND AFFECTED BY THE FAILURE

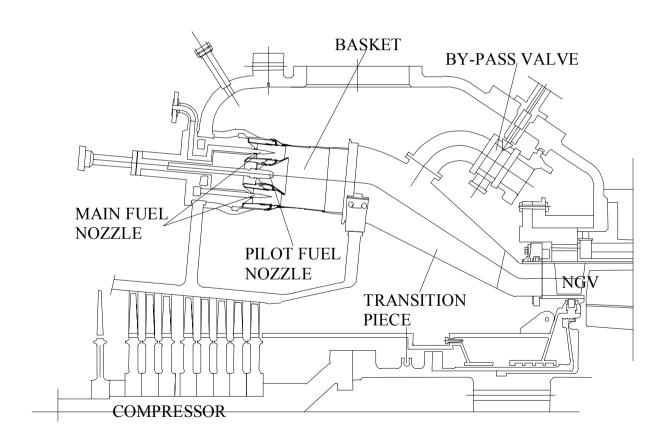


PRESSURE PULSATION TESTS IN DLN COMBUSTION SYSTEM

- AFTERWARD THE INVESTIGATION WAS AIMED TO RESEARCH PECULIAR SERVICE CONDITIONS CHARACTERIZED BY THE PRESENCE OF ALTERNATING HIGH STRENGHT STRESSES
- DLN COMBUSTION SYSTEMS, IF NOT WELL SET, ARE ABLE TO PRODUCE LOW FREQUENCY (LOWER THAN 60 Hz) PRESSURE PULSATIONS WHICH MIGHT EXCITE NATURAL VIBRATION FREQUENCY OF DOWNSTREAM TURBINE BLADES



TYPICAL DLN COMBUSTION SYSTEM



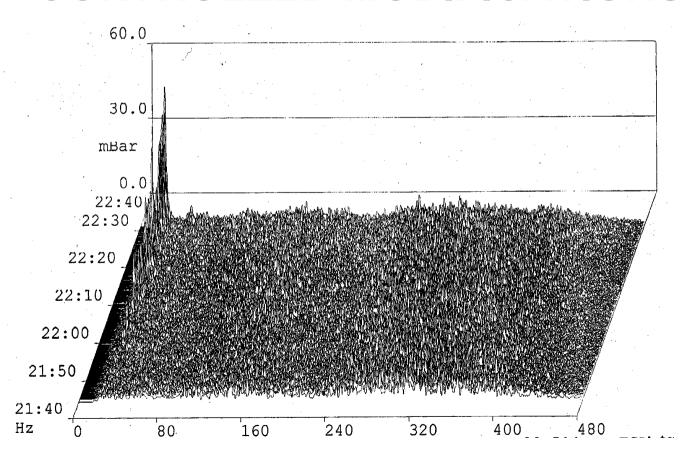


RESULTS OF PRESSURE PULSATION TESTS IN DLN COMBUSTION SYSTEM

- THE DLN MAIN PARAMETERS OF ENEL GTs LIKE SIMILAR TO FAILED ONE ARE "ON DESIGN"
- DURING THE SERVICE WITH "ON DESIGN" DLN PARAMETERS PRESSURE PULSATION VALUES DANGEROUS FOR 4TH STAGE BLADE WERE NOT DETECTED
- BY THE REDUCTION OF P/T PARAMETER WITH RESPECT TO DESIGN VALUE AN INCREASE OF THE 23 Hz-PRESSURE PULSATION LEVEL WAS NOTICED
- (23Hz IS A FREQUENCY ABLE TO EXCITE THE NATURAL VIBRATION FREQUENCY (173 Hz) OF 4TH STAGE BLADE OF GTS SIMILAR TO FAILED ONE: 173=23+3*50)

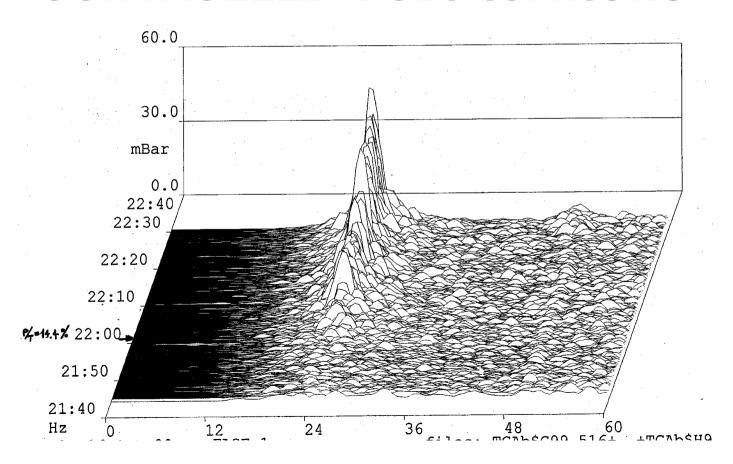


23 Hz- PRESSURE PULSATIONS PRODUCED BY DLN DURING P/T CONTROLLED MODIFICATIONS



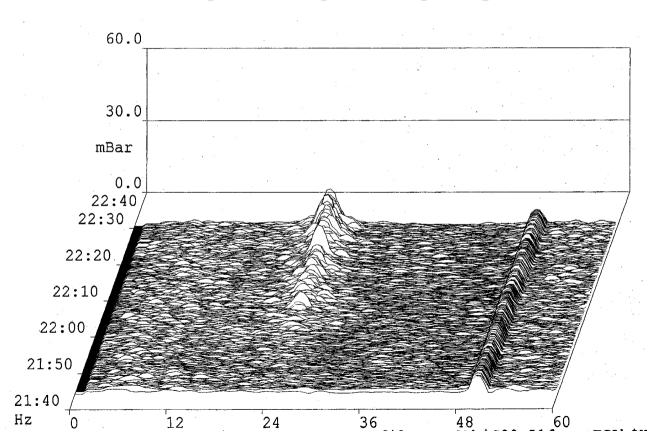


23 Hz- PRESSURE PULSATIONS PRODUCED BY DLN DURING P/T CONTROLLED MODIFICATIONS





23 HZ-TURBINE EXHAUST-GAS DYNAMIC PRESSURE PRODUCED DURING P/T MODIFICATIONS



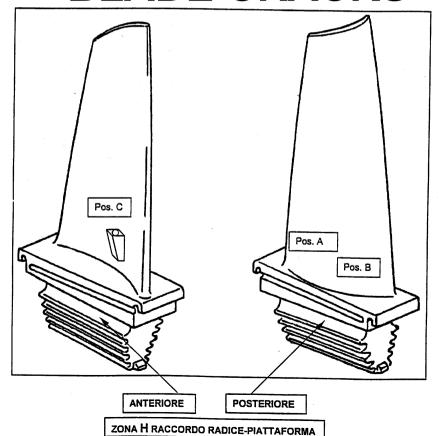


4TH STAGE BLADE FAILURE CONCLUSIONS

- 2-125 MW GAS TURBINES OF ENEL FLEET EXPERIENCED CRACKS ON 4TH STAGE BLADE ROOTS (IN ONE CASE THE IN SERVICE-FAILURE OF A BLADE OCCURRED)
- DLN PRESSURE PULSATIONS ARE THE CAUSE OF THE FAILURE
- IN ORDER TO AVOID SIMILAR FAILURES ENEL FORESEES THE FOLLOWING DETECTING TECHNOLOGIES:
 - 4TH STAGE BLADE INSPECTIONS BY UT TECHNIQUE EVERY 8000 EOH (ONLY FOR DLN UNITS)
 - THE ON-LINE MONITORING OF PRESSURE PULSATIONS IN THE COMBUSTION CHAMBERS

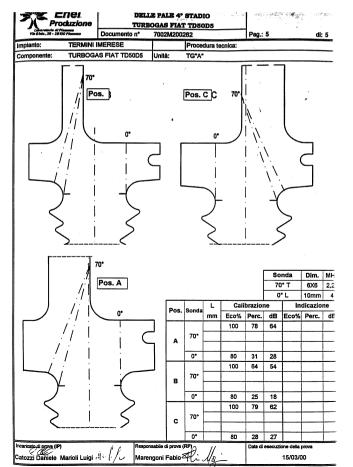


UT TECNIQUE APPLIED FOR THE EARLY DETECTION OF 4TH STAGE BLADE CRACKS





UT TECNIQUE APPLIED TO 4TH STAGE BLADE FAILURE



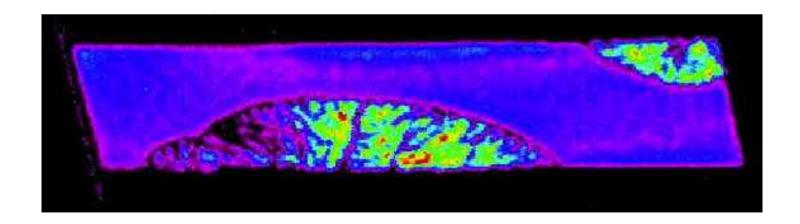














UT TECNIQUE APPLIED TO 4TH STAGE BLADE FAILURE

- THE UT TECNIQUE TUNED UP IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE 4TH STAGE BLADE FAILURE CAN BE APPLIED WITHOUT THE TURBINE CASING REMOVAL ENTERING INTO THE TURBINE DISCHARGE DUCT THROUGH THE MANHOLE
- BECAUSE OF THE HCF CRACKS CAN BE INCUBATED AT THE BEGINNING AND NOT DETECTABLE BY UT TEST IF THE CRACK DEPTH IS LOWER THAN 3 mm, ENEL FORESEES TO CARRY OUT UT TESTS ON 4TH STAGE BLADE ROOTS EVERY 8000 EOHS DURING THE OUTAGE FOR COMBUSTION INSPECTION



CRACKS ON 1ST STAGE BLADE PLATFORM

- THE PROBLEM WAS DETECTED ON 3 GTs;
- CRACKS ARE RADIAL, AND WERE DETECTED AFTER COATING
 STRIPPING ONLY, AND NOT BEFORE BY NORMAL FLUORESCENT DYE
 PENETRANT TEST;
- THE TYPE OF OPERATION AND THE SUPPLIERS OF THESE 3 ROWS ARE DIFFERENT;

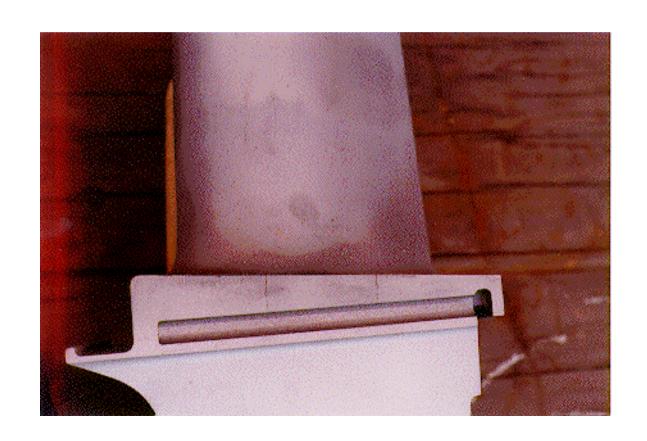


CRACKS ON THE PLATFORM OF THE 1ST STAGE BLADES



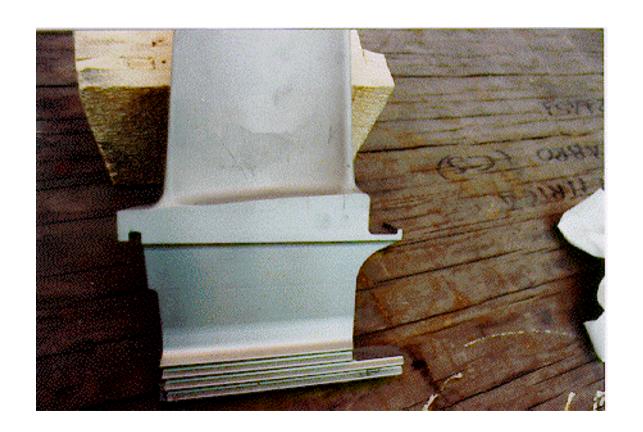


CRACKS ON THE PLATFORM OF THE 1ST STAGE BLADES





CRACKS ON THE PLATFORM OF THE 1ST STAGE BLADES





METALLOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS

- A GREAT CONTRIBUTE TO THE CRACK PROPAGATION WAS REPRESENTED BY THEMOMECHANICAL FATIGUE
- THE GAMMA PRIME PHASE ANALYSIS SUGGESTS THAT IN 2 CASES OF THE 3 ONES EXPERIENCED THE BLADES WERE EXPOSED TO EXCESSIVE TEMPERATURE
- IN THE THIRD EXPERIENCED CASE, UNCORRECT BLADE COOLING IS SUSPECTED
- ANOTHER CONTRIBUTE TO THE CRACK PROPAGATION WAS PROBABLY REPRESENTED BY THE ABSENCE OF RELIEVING TREATMENT OF MATERIAL PRIOR TO BLADE COATING STRIPPING



DETECTING TECHNOLOGIES

- IN ORDER TO DETECT THE CRACKS UNDER THE COATING, ENEL TUNED
 UP AN EDDY CURRENT TEST
- IN ORDER TO ANALYZE THE 1ST STAGE BLADE PLATFORMS, ENEL
 UTILIZES THIS TEST WITHOUT BLADE REMOVAL EVERY 8000 HOURS
 DURING THE COMBUSTION INSPECTIONS (ONLY FOR FIAT GTs, IS
 POSSIBLE TO REMOVE 1ST STAGE VANES WHITHOUT REMOVING THE
 CASING)



EDDY CURRENT TEST APPLIED TO 1ST STAGE BLADE CRACKS





EDDY CURRENT TEST APPLIED TO 1ST STAGE BLADE CRACKS





FIRST STAGE ROTATING BLADES





DETAILS OF FIRST STAGE ROTATING BLADES





1ST STAGE BLADE CRACKS CONCLUSIONS

- DURING 3 HGPI CRACKS ON 1ST STAGE PLATFORM AFTER COATING STRIPPING WERE FOUND
- THESE CRACKS WERE NOT DETECTED BY DYE PENETRANT TESTS
 CARRIED OUT ON COATED BLADES
- THE MOST SUSPECTED CAUSES ARE THE HIGH TEMPERATURE AND TENSO-CORROSION PHENOMENON DURING COATING STRIPPING
- IN ORDER TO DETECT THE FAILURE, ENEL CARRIES OUT
 PARTICULARLY EDDY CURRENT TESTS ON 1ST STAGE BLADE
 PLATFORMS EVERY 8000 EOH DURING CI WITHOUT BLADE REMOVAL



CONCLUSIONS

- ENEL FLEET CONSISTS OF 20 HEAVY DUTY GAS TURBINES CONNECTED WITH STEAM TURBINES IN COMBINED AND REPOWERED CYCLE
- IN ORDER TO INCREASE THE AVAILABILITY OF THESE STEAM-GAS COMBINED UNITS, IT IS IMPORTANT TO REDUCE THE MAINTENANCE **ACTIVITIES OF GAS TURBINES**
- IN ORDER TO PREVENT PARTICULAR FAILURES EXPERIENCED IN THE PAST, ENEL TUNED UP AND SCHEDULES SPECIAL DETECTING **TECHNOLOGIES**